

# Package: clerkR (via r-universe)

July 1, 2026

**Title** Publication-Ready Tables for Biomedical Research

**Version** 0.1.2

**Description** Transforms standard R data frames into publication-ready tables across a handful of common archetypes found in biomedical and neuroscience manuscripts: descriptive/Table 1 with group comparisons, heritability and variance components, correlation and partial correlation, regression coefficients, and simple descriptive summaries. Provides a unified rendering pipeline targeting 'gt' (Word/PDF), 'reactable' (HTML), and LaTeX outputs, with consistent theming, domain/section grouping, footnote handling for transformed variables, and FDR annotation.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**Imports** dplyr (>= 1.1.0), tidyr, rlang, gt (>= 0.10.0), reactable (>= 0.4.0), htmltools, knitr, grDevices, stats, utils

**Suggests** testthat (>= 3.0.0), rmarkdown

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**URL** <https://clerkR.circadia-lab.uk>,  
<https://github.com/circadia-bio/clerkR>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/circadia-bio/clerkR/issues>

**LazyData** true

**Config/roxygen2/version** 8.0.0

**Config/pak/sysreqs** cmake make libicu-dev libuv1-dev libxml2-dev libssl-dev libnode-dev

**Repository** <https://circadia-bio.r-universe.dev>

**Date/Publication** 2026-06-29 05:23:35 UTC

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/circadia-bio/clerkR>

**RemoteRef** main

**RemoteSha** 6fbd608d52b5ab7ac5b575a8ca5b4e5e4d45ba09

## Contents

clerk_colour . . . . .	2
clerk_cor_example . . . . .	3
clerk_diverging . . . . .	3
clerk_example . . . . .	4
clerk_h2_example . . . . .	5
clerk_options . . . . .	6
clerk_palette . . . . .	7
clerk_reg_example . . . . .	8
clerk_render . . . . .	8
clerk_sequential . . . . .	9
clerk_theme . . . . .	10
render_gt . . . . .	10
render_latex . . . . .	11
render_reactable . . . . .	12
tbl_correlation . . . . .	13
tbl_descriptive . . . . .	14
tbl_heritability . . . . .	16
tbl_regression . . . . .	18
tbl_simple . . . . .	19
<b>Index</b>	<b>21</b>

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clerk_colour	<i>Access a single clerkR colour by name</i>
--------------	--

---

### Description

Convenience accessor for a single named colour from the clerkR palette.

### Usage

```
clerk_colour(name)
```

### Arguments

**name** Character string. One of the named entries in `clerk_palette()`.

### Value

A single hex colour string.

## Examples

```
clerk_colour("navy")
clerk_colour("header_bg")
```

---

clerk_cor_example	<i>Synthetic partial correlation results for clerkR examples</i>
-------------------	--

---

## Description

A synthetic dataset of partial correlation results (age + sex controlled) between eight predictor variables and two cognitive outcomes, designed to illustrate `tbl_correlation()`. All values are simulated and bear no relation to any real study.

## Usage

```
clerk_cor_example
```

## Format

A data frame with 16 rows and 5 variables:

**variable** Predictor variable name (character).

**outcome** Outcome variable name: "tmt\_time" or "verbal\_fluency" (character).

**n** Sample size for each correlation (integer).

**r** Partial correlation coefficient (numeric).

**p** Two-tailed p-value (numeric).

## Source

Simulated data generated in `data-raw/clerk_cor_example.R`.

---

clerk_diverging	<i>Build a clerkR diverging colour scale</i>
-----------------	--

---

## Description

Returns a vector of `n` hex colours interpolated along the clerkR diverging scale: dusty terracotta (`#D4907E`) — neutral off-white (`#F0EEEC`) — navy (`#293681`). Suitable for use with `gt::data_color()` or `scales::col_numeric()`.

## Usage

```
clerk_diverging(n = 9, reverse = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<b>n</b>	Integer. Number of colour steps (default 9). Use an odd number to include the neutral midpoint.
<b>reverse</b>	Logical. Reverse the scale direction (default <code>FALSE</code> , terracotta = low, navy = high).

**Value**

A character vector of `n` hex colour codes.

**Examples**

```
clerk_diverging()
clerk_diverging(n = 5)
clerk_diverging(n = 11, reverse = TRUE)
```

---

<code>clerk_example</code>	<i>Synthetic example dataset for clerkR</i>
----------------------------	---

---

**Description**

A synthetic dataset of 300 participants with demographic, metabolic, anthropometric, cognitive, and mental health variables, designed to illustrate `tbl_descriptive()` and other `clerkR` table constructors. All values are simulated and bear no relation to any real study.

**Usage**

```
clerk_example
```

**Format**

A data frame with 300 rows and 12 variables:

**sex** Factor: "Female" / "Male".

**age** Age in years (numeric).

**hdl** HDL cholesterol in mmol/L (numeric).

**glucose** Fasting glucose in mmol/L (numeric).

**bmi** Body mass index in kg/m<sup>2</sup> (numeric).

**waist** Waist circumference in cm (numeric).

**systolic\_bp** Systolic blood pressure in mmHg (numeric).

**tmt\_time** Trail Making Test completion time in seconds, log-scale analysis recommended (numeric).

**verbal\_fluency** Verbal fluency score — number of words in 60 s (numeric).

**bdi** Beck Depression Inventory total score (numeric).

**panas\_neg** PANAS negative affect subscale score (numeric).

**life\_satisfaction** Life Satisfaction Scale total score (numeric).

**Source**

Simulated data generated in `data-raw/clerk_example.R`.

---

`clerk_h2_example`      *Synthetic heritability estimates for clerkR examples*

---

**Description**

A synthetic data frame of narrow-sense heritability ( $h^2$ ) estimates for three cortical shape metrics across four covariate models, designed to illustrate `tbl_heritability()`. Column names match the output of `R-itable::herit_batch()` for direct compatibility. All values are simulated.

**Usage**

```
clerk_h2_example
```

**Format**

A data frame with 12 rows and 7 variables:

**trait** Phenotype name (character).

**covariates** Covariate model label (character).

**h2** Narrow-sense heritability point estimate (numeric).

**ci\_lo** Lower 95% profile-likelihood CI bound (numeric).

**ci\_hi** Upper 95% profile-likelihood CI bound (numeric).

**pval** One-sided LRT p-value (numeric).

**sigma2\_a** Additive genetic variance component (numeric).

**sigma2\_e** Residual variance component (numeric).

**Source**

Simulated data generated in `data-raw/clerk_h2_example.R`.

---

clerk\_options                      *clerkR session options*

---

## Description

`clerk_options()` gets or sets session-level formatting defaults used by all `tbl_*` constructors. Defaults are loaded automatically when the package is attached and follow biomed/APA conventions.

Call with no arguments to inspect current settings. Call with named arguments to change one or more. Call with `reset = TRUE` to restore factory defaults.

## Usage

```
clerk_options(
  digits = NULL,
  r_digits = NULL,
  p_digits = NULL,
  p_threshold = NULL,
  p_style = NULL,
  stars = NULL,
  star_thresholds = NULL,
  fdr_ns = NULL,
  fdr_alpha = NULL,
  fdr_ns_label = NULL,
  domain_other = NULL,
  reset = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

<code>digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for continuous summary statistics (default 2).
<code>r_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for correlation coefficients and $h^2$ estimates (default 3).
<code>p_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for p-values (default 3).
<code>p_threshold</code>	Numeric. Raw p-values below this are shown as "< {threshold}" (default 0.001). Display only, not a significance threshold.
<code>p_style</code>	Character string controlling p-value display style: "apa" APA format: = 0.032, < 0.001 (default). "plain" Plain decimal: 0.032, < 0.001. "stars" Significance stars only, no numeric p. "stars_p" Stars alongside numeric p.
<code>stars</code>	Logical. Append significance stars (default FALSE).
<code>star_thresholds</code>	Numeric vector of length 3. Cutoffs for *, **, *** (default <code>c(0.05, 0.01, 0.001)</code> ).

<code>fdr_ns</code>	Logical. Replace the FDR p-value cell with <code>fdr_ns_label</code> when $p(\text{FDR}) \geq \text{fdr\_alpha}$ (default TRUE).
<code>fdr_alpha</code>	Numeric. Alpha applied to the BH-adjusted p-value. Cells where $p(\text{FDR}) \geq \text{fdr\_alpha}$ show <code>fdr_ns_label</code> (default 0.05).
<code>fdr_ns_label</code>	Character string for non-surviving FDR cells (default "ns").
<code>domain_other</code>	Character string used as the domain label for variables not assigned to any domain, and for all variables when no domains are specified. Default "" (blank — no section header shown). Set to e.g. "Other" to collect unassigned variables under a named section.
<code>reset</code>	Logical. Restore factory defaults (default FALSE).

**Value**

A named list of current option values, returned invisibly.

**Examples**

```
clerk_options()
clerk_options(p_style = "apa", stars = TRUE)
clerk_options(fdr_alpha = 0.01)
clerk_options(domain_other = "Other")
clerk_options(reset = TRUE)
```

---

<code>clerk_palette</code>	<i>clerkR colour palette</i>
----------------------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns the named clerkR colour palette as a character vector of hex codes. Individual colours can be accessed by name via `clerk_colour()`.

The palette pairs a formal cool-blue range (navy → light teal → near-white) with a dusty terracotta warm pole for diverging scales.

**Usage**

```
clerk_palette()
```

**Value**

A named character vector of hex codes.

**Examples**

```
clerk_palette()
clerk_palette()[["header_bg"]]
```

---

clerk_reg_example	<i>Synthetic regression results for clerkR examples</i>
-------------------	---

---

### Description

A synthetic data frame of linear regression results (outcome: log TMT completion time) designed to illustrate `tbl_regression()`. Mimics the output of `broom::tidy(lm(...), conf.int = TRUE)`. All values are simulated.

### Usage

```
clerk_reg_example
```

### Format

A data frame with 7 rows and 6 variables:

**term** Model term / predictor name (character).  
**estimate** Regression coefficient (numeric).  
**std.error** Standard error of the estimate (numeric).  
**conf.low** Lower 95% confidence interval bound (numeric).  
**conf.high** Upper 95% confidence interval bound (numeric).  
**p.value** Two-tailed p-value (numeric).

### Source

Simulated data generated in `data-raw/clerk_reg_example.R`.

---

clerk_render	<i>Render a clerk_tbl to its target output format</i>
--------------	---

---

### Description

Dispatches to the correct renderer based on the `output` slot set at construction time (`tbl_descriptive(..., output = "gt"|"html"|"latex")`). All render arguments (`title`, `subtitle`, `footnote`) can be supplied here and are forwarded to the underlying renderer.

### Usage

```
clerk_render(
  x,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL,
  footnote = NULL,
  fdr_footnote = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <code>clerk_tbl</code> object.
<code>title</code>	Optional character string for the table title.
<code>subtitle</code>	Optional character string for the table subtitle.
<code>footnote</code>	Optional additional footnote text. Appended after any automatic footnotes (log-transform, FDR).
<code>fdr_footnote</code>	Logical. Automatically add a source note explaining the FDR correction when a <code>p_fdr</code> column is present (default <code>TRUE</code> ).
<code>...</code>	Passed to the underlying <code>render_gt()</code> , <code>render_reactable()</code> , or <code>render_latex()</code> .

**Value**

A `gt_tbl`, `htmltools::tagList`, or `knit_asis` object depending on the output slot of `x`.

**Examples**

```
tbl_descriptive(clerk_example, group = sex, output = "gt", fdr = TRUE) |>
  clerk_render(title = "Table 1")

tbl_descriptive(clerk_example, group = sex, output = "html") |>
  clerk_render(title = "Sample characteristics")
```

---

<code>clerk_sequential</code>	<i>Build a clerkR sequential colour scale</i>
-------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Returns a vector of `n` hex colours interpolated along the clerkR sequential scale: near-white (`#D0E7E6`)  $\rightarrow$  navy (`#293681`). Suitable for shading columns by magnitude (e.g. heritability  $h^2$ , correlation  $r$ ).

**Usage**

```
clerk_sequential(n = 7, reverse = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>n</code>	Integer. Number of colour steps (default 7).
<code>reverse</code>	Logical. Reverse the scale direction (default <code>FALSE</code> , light = low, dark = high).

**Value**

A character vector of `n` hex colour codes.

**Examples**

```
clerk_sequential()
clerk_sequential(n = 5, reverse = TRUE)
```

---

<code>clerk_theme</code>	<i>Apply the clerkR gt theme to a gt table</i>
--------------------------	--

---

**Description**

Applies the clerkR visual style to an existing `gt_tbl` object: light teal column headers with navy text, near-white row group bars, clean borders, and consistent typography. Can be applied after any `gt` pipeline.

This function is called automatically by `render_gt()` and `render_latex()`; you only need it directly if you are building a `gt` table outside of the `tbl_*` constructors.

**Usage**

```
clerk_theme(gt_tbl)
```

**Arguments**

`gt_tbl`            A `gt_tbl` object.

**Value**

A `gt_tbl` object with clerkR styling applied.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
gt::gt(mtcars) |> clerk_theme()

## End(Not run)
```

---

<code>render_gt</code>	<i>Render a clerk_tbl as a gt table (Word / PDF)</i>
------------------------	--

---

**Description**

Renders a `clerk_tbl` as a `gt` table with clerkR styling applied via `clerk_theme()`. Domain groupings become row-group labels; log-transformed variables receive an automatic footnote; FDR-corrected tables receive an automatic source note. Typically called indirectly via `clerk_render()`.

**Usage**

```
render_gt(
  x,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL,
  footnote = NULL,
  fdr_footnote = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <code>clerk_tbl</code> object.
<code>title</code>	Optional table title.
<code>subtitle</code>	Optional table subtitle.
<code>footnote</code>	Optional additional footnote.
<code>fdr_footnote</code>	Logical. Add an automatic FDR source note when a <code>p_fdr</code> column is present (default <code>TRUE</code> ).
<code>...</code>	Reserved for future use.

**Value**

A `gt_tbl` object.

**Examples**

```
tbl_descriptive(clerk_example, group = sex) |>
  render_gt(title = "Table 1")
```

---

<code>render_latex</code>	<i>Render a <code>clerk_tbl</code> as a LaTeX table</i>
---------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Renders a `clerk_tbl` as a LaTeX table via `gt::as_latex()`. Typically called indirectly via `clerk_render()`.

**Usage**

```
render_latex(
  x,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL,
  footnote = NULL,
  fdr_footnote = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <code>clerk_tbl</code> object.
<code>title</code>	Optional table title (used as the <code>\caption{}</code> ).
<code>subtitle</code>	Optional subtitle appended to the caption.
<code>footnote</code>	Optional additional footnote.
<code>fdr_footnote</code>	Logical. Add an automatic FDR source note (default <code>TRUE</code> ).
<code>...</code>	Reserved for future use.

**Value**

A `knit_asis` character object containing the LaTeX table source.

**Examples**

```
tbl_descriptive(clerk_example, group = sex, output = "latex") |>
  clerk_render(title = "Sample characteristics by sex")
```

---

<code>render_reactable</code>	<i>Render a <code>clerk_tbl</code> as an interactive HTML table</i>
-------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Renders a `clerk_tbl` as a `reactable` interactive HTML table with optional title and subtitle rendered above the widget. Typically called indirectly via `clerk_render()`.

**Usage**

```
render_reactable(x, title = NULL, subtitle = NULL, footnote = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <code>clerk_tbl</code> object.
<code>title</code>	Optional character string displayed as a heading above the table.
<code>subtitle</code>	Optional character string displayed as a subheading.
<code>footnote</code>	Optional character string displayed as a note below the table.
<code>...</code>	Passed to <code>reactable::reactable()</code> .

**Value**

An `htmltools::tagList` containing the title, `reactable` widget, and optional footnote, or a bare `reactable` if no title/subtitle/footnote are provided.

**Examples**

```
tbl_correlation(clerk_cor_example, output = "html") |>
  clerk_render(title = "Partial correlations", subtitle = "age + sex controlled")
```

---

tbl\_correlation            *Correlation / partial correlation table*


---

## Description

Formats a tidy data frame of (partial) correlation results into a publication-ready table. Column-name arguments accept character strings. Defaults match a typical correlation results frame with columns named `variable`, `outcome`, `r`, and `p`.

Formatting defaults are inherited from `clerk_options()` and can be overridden per call.

## Usage

```
tbl_correlation(
  data,
  predictor = "variable",
  outcome = "outcome",
  r = "r",
  p = "p",
  n = NULL,
  extra_cols = NULL,
  domains = list(),
  fdr = FALSE,
  fdr_within = NULL,
  r_digits = NULL,
  p_digits = NULL,
  p_threshold = NULL,
  p_style = NULL,
  stars = NULL,
  fdr_ns = NULL,
  fdr_alpha = NULL,
  domain_other = NULL,
  pivot = FALSE,
  output = c("gt", "html", "latex")
)
```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	A tidy data frame of correlation results.
<code>predictor</code>	Character string. Predictor column name. Default <code>"variable"</code> .
<code>outcome</code>	Character string. Outcome column name. Default <code>"outcome"</code> .
<code>r</code>	Character string. Correlation coefficient column. Default <code>"r"</code> .
<code>p</code>	Character string. P-value column. Default <code>"p"</code> .
<code>n</code>	Character string or <code>NULL</code> . Sample size column. Default <code>NULL</code> .
<code>extra_cols</code>	Character vector of additional columns to carry through.
<code>domains</code>	A named list mapping predictor names to domain/section labels.

<code>fdr</code>	Logical. Apply BH FDR correction (default FALSE).
<code>fdr_within</code>	Character string or NULL. Column to group FDR within.
<code>r_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for r.
<code>p_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for p-values.
<code>p_threshold</code>	Numeric. P-values below this are shown as "< {threshold}". Inherits from <code>clerk_options()</code> \$ <code>p_threshold</code> if NULL.
<code>p_style</code>	Character. P-value style.
<code>stars</code>	Logical. Append significance stars.
<code>fdr_ns</code>	Logical. Replace non-surviving FDR p-values with "ns".
<code>fdr_alpha</code>	Numeric. Alpha level for FDR survival (BH-adjusted p).
<code>domain_other</code>	Character string. Label for variables not assigned to any domain. Default "" (blank). Inherits from <code>clerk_options()</code> \$ <code>domain_other</code> .
<code>pivot</code>	Logical. Pivot to wide format (default FALSE).
<code>output</code>	Character string. One of "gt" (default), "html", or "latex".

### Value

A `clerk_tbl` object with type "correlation".

### Examples

```
tbl_correlation(
  clerk_cor_example,
  domains = list(
    "Metabolic"      = c("hdl", "glucose", "bmi"),
    "Anthropometric" = c("waist", "systolic_bp"),
    "Mental health" = c("bdi", "panas_neg")
  ),
  fdr      = TRUE,
  output = "gt"
) |> clerk_render(title = "Partial correlations (age + sex controlled)")
```

---

tbl\_descriptive

*Descriptive summary table with group comparisons (Table 1)*

---

### Description

Produces a descriptive/Table 1-style summary of a data frame, with optional group comparisons. Formatting defaults are inherited from `clerk_options()`.

**Usage**

```
tbl_descriptive(
  data,
  group = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  domains = list(),
  log_vars = character(),
  digits = NULL,
  p_digits = NULL,
  p_threshold = NULL,
  p_style = NULL,
  stars = NULL,
  fdr = FALSE,
  fdr_ns = NULL,
  fdr_alpha = NULL,
  domain_other = NULL,
  overall = TRUE,
  output = c("gt", "html", "latex")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	A data frame.
<code>group</code>	< <a href="#">tidy-select</a> > Grouping variable.
<code>vars</code>	< <a href="#">tidy-select</a> > Variables to include. Defaults to all columns except <code>group</code> .
<code>domains</code>	A named list mapping variable names to domain/section labels.
<code>log_vars</code>	Character vector of log-transformed variable names.
<code>digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for continuous variables.
<code>p_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for p-values.
<code>p_threshold</code>	Numeric. P-values below this are shown as "< {threshold}&quot;. Inherits from <code>clerk_options()\$p_threshold</code> if NULL.
<code>p_style</code>	Character. P-value style (" <a href="#">apa</a> ", " <a href="#">plain</a> ", " <a href="#">stars</a> ", " <a href="#">stars_p</a> ").
<code>stars</code>	Logical. Append significance stars.
<code>fdr</code>	Logical. Apply BH FDR correction (default <code>FALSE</code> ).
<code>fdr_ns</code>	Logical. Replace non-surviving FDR p-values with " <a href="#">ns</a> ".
<code>fdr_alpha</code>	Numeric. Alpha level for FDR survival (BH-adjusted p).
<code>domain_other</code>	Character string. Label for variables not assigned to any domain. Default "" (blank). Inherits from <code>clerk_options()\$domain_other</code> .
<code>overall</code>	Logical. Include an overall column (default <code>TRUE</code> ).
<code>output</code>	Character string. One of " <a href="#">gt</a> ", " <a href="#">html</a> ", or " <a href="#">latex</a> ".

**Value**

A `clerk_tbl` object with type "`descriptive`".

**Examples**

```
tbl_descriptive(
  clerk_example,
  group = sex,
  domains = list(
    "Metabolic" = c("hdl", "glucose", "bmi"),
    "Cognitive" = c("tmt_time", "verbal_fluency"),
    "Mental health" = c("bdi", "panas_neg")
  ),
  log_vars = "tmt_time",
  output = "gt"
) |> clerk_render(title = "Table 1. Sample characteristics by sex")
```

---

<code>tbl_heritability</code>	<i>Heritability and variance components table</i>
-------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Formats a tidy data frame of narrow-sense heritability estimates ( $h^2$ ) into a publication-ready table. Column-name defaults match `R-itable::herit_batch()` output directly. Formatting defaults inherited from `clerk_options()`.

**Usage**

```
tbl_heritability(
  data,
  metric = "trait",
  h2 = "h2",
  ci_low = "ci_lo",
  ci_high = "ci_hi",
  p = "pval",
  sigma2_a = NULL,
  sigma2_e = NULL,
  model = NULL,
  domains = list(),
  fdr = FALSE,
  fdr_within = NULL,
  r_digits = NULL,
  p_digits = NULL,
  p_threshold = NULL,
  p_style = NULL,
  stars = NULL,
  fdr_ns = NULL,
  fdr_alpha = NULL,
  domain_other = NULL,
  output = c("gt", "html", "latex")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	A tidy data frame with one row per trait x covariate model.
<code>metric</code>	Character string. Trait column name. Default "trait".
<code>h2</code>	Character string. h2 estimate column. Default "h2".
<code>ci_low</code>	Character string. Lower CI column. Default "ci_lo".
<code>ci_high</code>	Character string. Upper CI column. Default "ci_hi".
<code>p</code>	Character string. P-value column. Default "pval".
<code>sigma2_a</code>	Character string or NULL. Additive genetic variance column.
<code>sigma2_e</code>	Character string or NULL. Residual variance column.
<code>model</code>	Character string or NULL. Covariate model column. Pass "covariates" for <code>herit_batch()</code> output.
<code>domains</code>	A named list mapping trait names to domain/section labels.
<code>fdr</code>	Logical. Apply BH FDR correction (default FALSE).
<code>fdr_within</code>	Character string or NULL. Column to group FDR within.
<code>r_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for h2 and variance components.
<code>p_digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for p-values.
<code>p_threshold</code>	Numeric. P-values below this are shown as "< {threshold}". Inherits from <code>clerk_options()</code> \$ <code>p_threshold</code> if NULL.
<code>p_style</code>	Character. P-value style.
<code>stars</code>	Logical. Append significance stars.
<code>fdr_ns</code>	Logical. Replace non-surviving FDR p-values with "ns".
<code>fdr_alpha</code>	Numeric. Alpha level for FDR survival (BH-adjusted p).
<code>domain_other</code>	Character string. Label for variables not assigned to any domain. Default "" (blank). Inherits from <code>clerk_options()</code> \$ <code>domain_other</code> .
<code>output</code>	Character string. One of "gt", "html", or "latex".

**Value**

A `clerk_tbl` object with type "heritability".

**Examples**

```
tbl_heritability(
  clerk_h2_example,
  model      = "covariates",
  sigma2_a   = "sigma2_a",
  sigma2_e   = "sigma2_e",
  fdr        = TRUE,
  output     = "gt"
) |> clerk_render(title = "Heritability estimates")
```

---

tbl_regression	<i>Regression coefficients table</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

---

## Description

Formats a tidy data frame of regression results into a publication-ready table. Accepts `broom::tidy()` output directly. Formatting defaults inherited from `clerk_options()`.

## Usage

```
tbl_regression(
  data,
  term = "term",
  estimate = "estimate",
  std_error = "std.error",
  conf_low = "conf.low",
  conf_high = "conf.high",
  p = "p.value",
  model = NULL,
  domains = list(),
  exponentiate = FALSE,
  fdr = FALSE,
  fdr_within = NULL,
  ci_sep = ", ",
  digits = NULL,
  p_digits = NULL,
  p_threshold = NULL,
  p_style = NULL,
  stars = NULL,
  fdr_ns = NULL,
  fdr_alpha = NULL,
  domain_other = NULL,
  output = c("gt", "html", "latex")
)
```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	A tidy data frame of regression results.
<code>term</code>	Character string. Model term column. Default "term".
<code>estimate</code>	Character string. Coefficient column. Default "estimate".
<code>std_error</code>	Character string. SE column. Default "std.error".
<code>conf_low</code>	Character string. Lower CI column. Default "conf.low".
<code>conf_high</code>	Character string. Upper CI column. Default "conf.high".
<code>p</code>	Character string. P-value column. Default "p.value".
<code>model</code>	Character string or NULL. Multiple-model column.

domains	A named list mapping term names to domain/section labels.
exponentiate	Logical. Exponentiate estimates and CIs (default <b>FALSE</b> ).
fdr	Logical. Apply BH FDR correction (default <b>FALSE</b> ).
fdr_within	Character string or NULL. Column to group FDR within.
ci_sep	Character string separating CI bounds (default ", ").
digits	Integer. Decimal places for estimates.
p_digits	Integer. Decimal places for p-values.
p_threshold	Numeric. P-values below this are shown as "< {threshold}". Inherits from <code>clerk_options()\$p_threshold</code> if NULL.
p_style	Character. P-value style.
stars	Logical. Append significance stars.
fdr_ns	Logical. Replace non-surviving FDR p-values with "ns".
fdr_alpha	Numeric. Alpha level for FDR survival (BH-adjusted p).
domain_other	Character string. Label for variables not assigned to any domain. Default "" (blank). Inherits from <code>clerk_options()\$domain_other</code> .
output	Character string. One of "gt", "html", or "latex".

### Value

A `clerk_tbl` object with type "regression".

### Examples

```
tbl_regression(
  clerk_reg_example,
  domains = list(
    "Cardiometabolic" = c("bmi", "waist", "systolic_bp"),
    "Mental health"   = c("bdi", "panas_neg")
  ),
  fdr      = TRUE,
  output   = "gt"
) |> clerk_render(title = "Linear regression: TMT completion time")
```

---

tbl\_simple

*Simple descriptive summary table (no inferential tests)*

---

### Description

Produces a concise descriptive summary — mean  $\pm$  SD for continuous variables and n (%) for categorical variables — with no group comparisons or statistical tests. Formatting defaults inherited from `clerk_options()`.

## Usage

```
tbl_simple(  
  data,  
  vars = NULL,  
  domains = list(),  
  log_vars = character(0),  
  digits = NULL,  
  domain_other = NULL,  
  output = c("gt", "html", "latex")  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	A data frame.
<code>vars</code>	< <a href="#">tidy-select</a> > Variables to include. Defaults to all columns.
<code>domains</code>	A named list mapping variable names to domain/section labels.
<code>log_vars</code>	Character vector of log-transformed variable names.
<code>digits</code>	Integer. Decimal places for continuous variables.
<code>domain_other</code>	Character string. Label for variables not assigned to any domain. Default "" (blank). Inherits from <code>clerk_options()\$domain_other</code> .
<code>output</code>	Character string. One of "gt" (default), "html", or "latex".

## Value

A `clerk_tbl` object with type "simple".

## Examples

```
tbl_simple(  
  clerk_example,  
  domains = list(  
    "Metabolic" = c("hdl", "glucose", "bmi"),  
    "Mental health" = c("bdi", "panas_neg")  
  ),  
  log_vars = "tmt_time",  
  output = "gt"  
) |> clerk_render(title = "Descriptive statistics")
```

# Index

## \* datasets

- clerk\_cor\_example, 3
- clerk\_example, 4
- clerk\_h2\_example, 5
- clerk\_reg\_example, 8

- clerk\_colour, 2
- clerk\_cor\_example, 3
- clerk\_diverging, 3
- clerk\_example, 4
- clerk\_h2\_example, 5
- clerk\_options, 6
- clerk\_palette, 7
- clerk\_reg\_example, 8
- clerk\_render, 8
- clerk\_sequential, 9
- clerk\_theme, 10

- render\_gt, 10
- render\_latex, 11
- render\_reactable, 12

- tbl\_correlation, 13
- tbl\_descriptive, 14
- tbl\_heritability, 16
- tbl\_regression, 18
- tbl\_simple, 19